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UNDERGROUND

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# TEACHER'S RESOURCE

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## To the Educator

Written for young adults, the Urban Underground series confronts issues that are of great importance to teens, such as friendship, loyalty, drugs, gangs, abuse, urban blight, bullies, and self-esteem to name a few. More than entertainment, these books can be a powerful learning and coping tool when a struggling reader connects with credible characters and a compelling storyline. The highly readable style and mature topics will appeal to young adult readers of both sexes and encourage them to finish each novel. Paperback books look and feel like a trade edition and are complete in just under 200 pages.

This teacher's guide provides ideas and reproducible worksheets to support the book and extend students' reading skills. The key at the end of this guide provides answers and example responses.

### **Different Ways to Present the Book**

Students who are more confident may be encouraged to read the book on their own after reading one or two chapters as a class. If your students are familiar with the Urban Underground series, you might begin by having them review what they already know about various characters. The summaries on the back cover are a great starting point.

Although most activities are designed for use after reading the book, some are for pre-reading, and a few activities may be used during the reading. These activities were designed for a variety of teaching styles. You can distribute all of the activities at once or pick-and-choose the skills you want to reinforce.

### **How to Build Connections**

Each book gives more insight into the teen characters. Since some characters appear in subsequent stories, you may wish to create character webs and have students continue to add to them as you read the series together.

The Urban Underground series is set in a fictional city. If your students live in an urban area, you may ask them to note any similarities to their own lives as they read the novels.

# **Reading Strategies**

The activities in this Teacher's Resource Guide focus on giving struggling readers the tools to construct, extend, and examine the meaning of text. Included are essential elements in reading literacy as identified by the National Assessment of Educational Progress.

### Vocabulary

Vocabulary skills include decoding words, using words correctly, understanding meanings, and extending the actual amount of words the students know. Increased competency with vocabulary increases fluency when reading both silently and aloud—as students decode or recognize words more easily, they will be able to determine and extend the meaning of entire passages more easily as well.

### **Initial Understanding**

Initial understanding of text is the initial impression of what was read. Skills include identifying details and facts from text read, and recognizing aspects of literal text, such as sequence of events or main ideas. Without initial understanding, no reader would be able to comprehend the text on a higher level.

### **Developing Interpretation**

Developing interpretation goes beyond the initial impression to develop a more complete understanding of what was read. The reader must distinguish between and compare separate concepts in a text to extend its meaning. Examples of interpreting skills include differentiating facts from opinions, making comparisons, summarizing, and identifying cause-effect relationships.

### **Personal Reflection and Response**

Personal reflection and response requires readers to relate topics to their own experience. As students connect their own experiences with text, information becomes clearer. Having internalized ideas, readers can much more easily express their responses.

### **Demonstrating a Critical Stance**

Demonstrating a critical stance requires readers to detach themselves from the text in order to consider and evaluate it. A critical response may include identifying the intended audience and critiquing the text.

Name _	Date	

# **BUILDING BACKGROUND KNOWLEDGE | Cover Study**

DIRECTIONS: Look at the cover of *Hurting Time*. Study the front cover and the description on the back. Write down six impressions in the first column. What questions does the cover raise? Write six questions you have in the second column. Come back and fill out the third column after you've read the book. See if you can answer your initial questions.

My Impressions	My Questions	What I Learned

# **VOCABULARY | Glossary**

DIRECTIONS: Below is a list of vocabulary words from *Hurting Time*. For your ease, they are organized in the order they appear in the book. Review the words before, during, and after reading the story. Create your own Urban Underground Dictionary by adding other difficult words from the story to the list below.

**exasperated** (ig-zas-puh-reyt-id)—extremely irritated or annoyed **obnoxious** (uhb-nok-shuhs)—highly objectionable or offensive **suspicious** (suh-spish-uhs)—having or showing distrust in someone or something **humiliate** (hyoo-mil-ee-yet)—to cause a painful loss of pride, self-respect, or dignity; to mortify **disrespectful** (dis-ri-spekt-fuhl)—lacking courtesy or showing a lack of respect

**disrespectful** (dis-ri-**spekt**-f*uh*l)—lacking courtesy or showing a lack of respect **snicker** (**snik**-er)—to laugh in a disrespectful manner

dismissive (dis-mis-iv)—indicating dismissal or rejection

strident (strahyd-nt)—having a shrill, irritating quality or character

**dilemma** (dih-**lem**-*uh*)—a situation that a requires a choice between equally undesirable alternatives

**suspicion** (suh-**spish**-uhn)—a feeling of distrust about someone or something **culprit** (**kuhl**-prit)—a person guilty of an offense

**endeared** (in-**deerd**)— showed qualities and behaviors that tended to make one loved **unsavory** (*uh*n-**sey**-v*uh*-ree)—unappealing or morally questionable

manipulate (muh-nip-yuh-leyt)—to manage or influence

**vulnerable** (**vuhl**-ner-*uh*-b*uh*l)—capable of or susceptible to being wounded or hurt **belligerent** (b*uh*-**lij**-er-*uh*nt)—aggressively hostile

**disappointment** (dis-uh-point-muhnt)—a feeling of being let down because something expected or hoped for didn't happen

banter (ban-ter)—an exchange of light, playful, teasing remarks

mediocre (mee-dee-oh-ker)—neither good nor bad; average; ordinary

maudlin (mawd-lin)—tearful or weakly emotional

mural (myoor-uhl)—a large picture painted on a wall or ceiling

conspiracy (kuhn-spir-uh-see)—a secret evil or harmful plan made by two or more people

**sympathetic** (sim-p*uh*-**thet**-ik)—understanding or sharing someone else's feelings

snide (snahyd)—derogatory or insulting in a nasty, sly manner

apprentice (uh-pren-tis)—a person who works for another in order to learn a trade

tirade (tahy-reyd)—a long, angry speech or outburst

resentment (ri-zent-muhnt)—a feeling of anger from being wronged or insulted

**hassle** (has-uhl)—to bother or annoy repeatedly

placated (pley-keyt-id)—appeased or pacified

Name	Date

# **VOCABULARY | Fill in the Blank**

DIRECTIONS: Read the following quotes from the book *Hurting Time*. Each quote is missing a vocabulary word. Use a vocabulary word from the box to complete each quote.

	maudlin	sympathetic	disrespectful	obnoxious	
	mediocre	endeared	humiliating		
1.	"No," Pedro objected	d softly. "They added a the turkey rolls were ve	special touch. Last mo	nth, we ran out of	
2.		g well so far, largely due th Claudia for some			
3.	"You still feel bad abgenuinely	oout her, huh?" Penelop 	e asked, her usually sni	de face appearing to be	
4.		elope was always sort of she occasionally rebelle		, though he did	
5.		mers with a smile and dess. He joked with the lit	· ·		
6.	"Abel!" Liza Ruiz, Alearth is wrong with	bel's mother, cried in ar you?"	1	voice. "What on	
7.	Abel had nothing to be ashamed of in how he treated Claudia. He hadn't been rude and to her, as Clay had been to Naomi.				
8.		utside. He didn't want l argument.	nis father to know he h	ad heard the whole	
A	ntonym Match				
		are antonyms for the v ne line next to its anton	•	above. Write each	
1	. repulsed:		5. soothing:		
3	6. unfeeling:		7. excellent:		

8. courteous: \_\_\_\_\_

4. dignified: \_\_\_\_\_