## MISTY COPELAND

PRIMA BALLERINA



## CHAPTER 2

## The World of Ballet

Ballet is an art form. It is very competitive.

Training takes years. Most dancers train for ten or more. Only then do they audition for companies. But many companies are small. Few spots are open. ABT has fewer than 100 dancers. Just 17 are principals.

Some dancers face another hurdle. For a long time, top companies have mostly hired white dancers. Black dancers have always been part of the art form. They've faced extra challenges though. Many were pushed into other types of dance. A few started their own companies. The Dance Theatre of Harlem is one. Alvin Ailey American Dance Theatre is another. These gave Black dancers a place to perform. Still, many dreamed of joining major companies.

It was the 1930s. Janet Collins was a Black dancer. She tried out for the Ballet Russe de Monte Carlo. This was a big company in Europe. Collins made it. But the offer had a catch. The dancer would have to paint her face white.

Collins turned down the offer. Still, she kept dancing. She performed on Broadway. Then the Metropolitan Opera Company hired her. That was in 1951. A year later, she became their first Black prima ballerina.







By 1955, the Ballet Russe de Monte Carlo had a U.S. company. Raven Wilkinson tried out. She became their first Black ballerina. Wilkinson was told to powder her body. This would make her skin look lighter.

Even then, some did not want Wilkinson on stage.

This was especially true in the South. Touring there was not safe for her. People refused to go to the shows.

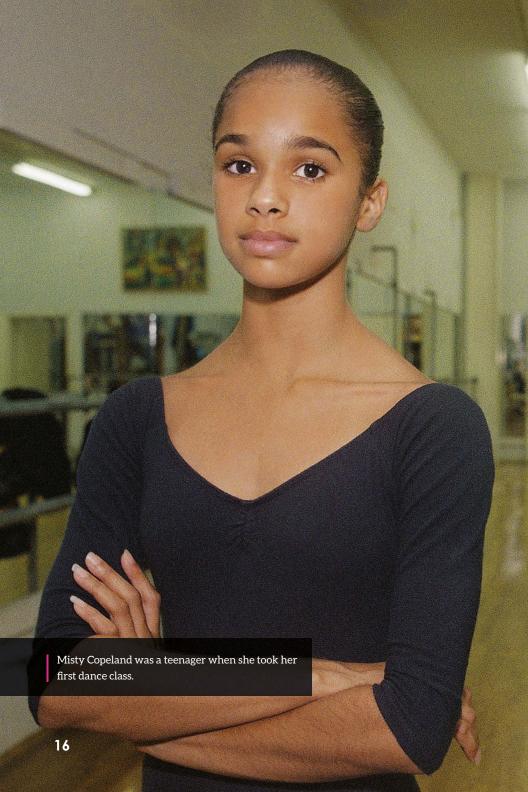
Bomb threats were made. The Ku Klux Klan stopped a performance. Several tour dates had to be canceled.

Prejudice hurt Wilkinson's career. A lack of roles did too. In 1966, Wilkinson left the United States. She moved to Amsterdam. There, she joined the Dutch National Ballet. Copeland looked up to Wilkinson. The older dancer became her mentor.

Decades later, lack of diversity is still a problem. Limited roles keep Black dancers out of big companies. Costumes are an issue too. Most get made with white skin in mind. Shoes and tights are pink. This color blends well with light skin. It makes legs appear longer. On darker skin, these items don't blend as well. Many dancers of color dye their shoes. Then they can match their own skin tones.

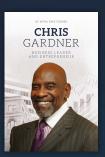
Ballet is an art form known for its beauty. But many have seen an uglier side. This was the dance world Copeland stepped into. It was also the one she would conquer.





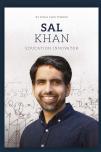


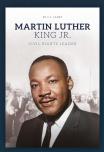








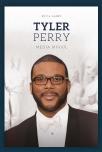




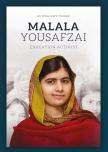












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## MISTY COPELAND

Misty Copeland's journey to becoming the American Ballet Theatre's first Black prima ballerina wasn't easy. She faced many challenges, including starting dance at a late age, not having a typical dancer's body type, and growing up with abuse and poverty. Driven by her passion for dance, Copeland continues to inspire change in the world of ballet.

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