William Shakespeare

Julius

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- INTRODUCTION -

It is 44 B.C. in Rome. Julius Caesar, an army general, has defeated a Roman aristocrat named Pompey in a fierce battle. A public celebration is being held as the play opens. But some of the noblemen who had supported Pompey are fearful of Caesar's growing popularity. They're afraid that the ambitious Caesar wants to be named king—which would mean the end of the great Roman Republic. To protect their own power, they begin to conspire against him.

- CAST OF CHARACTERS -

JULIUS CAESAR Roman statesman and army general OCTAVIUS A Roman politician; later called Augustus Caesar, first Emperor of Rome

- MARK ANTONY A Roman politician, general, and friend of Caesar
- LEPIDUS A Roman politician

MARCUS BRUTUS, CASSIUS, CASCA, TREBONIUS, LIGARIUS,

DECIUS BRUTUS, METELLUS CIMBER, and **CINNA** Plotters against Caesar

CALPURNIA Caesar's wife

PORTIA Brutus's wife

CICERO, POPILIUS, and POPILIUS LENA Senators

FLAVIUS and MARULLUS Tribunes

CATO, LUCILIUS, TITINIUS, MESSALA, and **VOLUMNIUS** Supporters of Brutus

ARTEMIDORUS A teacher of rhetoric

PUBLIUS An elderly gentleman

STRATO and **LUCIUS** Servants to Brutus

PINDARUS Servant to Cassius

THE GHOST OF CAESAR

A SOOTHSAYER, a POET, SENATORS, CITIZENS, SOLDIERS, COMMONERS, MESSENGERS, and SERVANTS

ACT 1

Scene 1

(A street in Rome. Flavius, Marullus, and certain commoners enter.)

FLAVIUS: Go home, you idle creatures! Is this a holiday? Don't you know you're Not allowed to walk around on a workday Without some sign of your profession? Tell me, what is your trade?

COMMONER 1: Why, sir, I am a carpenter.

MARULLUS: Where are your tools? Why are you wearing your best clothes? And you, sir—what is your trade?

COMMONER 2: Sir, I am a cobbler. I work with a clear conscience, For I am, sir, a mender of bad soles. If you are out of sorts, sir, I can mend you.

- MARULLUS: What do you mean by that? Hmm. Mend me, you saucy fellow?
- **COMMONER 2:** Why, sir—repair your shoes.
- **FLAVIUS:** Why aren't you in your shop? Why do you lead these men about the streets?
- **COMMONER 2:** To wear out their shoes, sir.

Then I'll get more work. But, indeed, sir, we've taken a holiday to see Caesar and to rejoice in his triumph.

MARULLUS: Why rejoice? What has he won? What captives does he bring home? You blocks, you stones, you worse than senseless things!

Oh, you hard hearts, you cruel men of Rome! Do you not remember Pompey? Many a Time you've climbed up walls and towers, Your infants in your arms. There you've sat All day long, waiting patiently to See great Pompey pass the streets of Rome. And when you saw his chariot appear, Didn't you shout so loud that the River Tiber trembled under her banks With the echo of your sounds? And now you put on your best clothes? You call out a holiday and Lay flowers before him who comes In triumph over Pompey's blood? Be gone! Run to your houses, fall upon your knees! Beg the gods to stop the plague That will surely punish you for such

ingratitude.

FLAVIUS: Go, go, good countrymen—and, For this fault, gather all the men like you. Draw them to the banks of the Tiber, and Weep into the river until the

Lowest stream kisses the highest shores.

(All the commoners exit.)

See how they vanish, silent in their guilt. You go down that way toward the Capitol. I'll go this way. Remove any banners You see that honor Caesar.

MARULLUS: May we do so? You know it is the feast of Lupercal.

FLAVIUS: It doesn't matter. Let no statues Be hung with Caesar's trophies. I'll drive The commoners from the streets. You do the same, where you see them thick. We must pluck these feathers from Caesar's wing before he can soar so high We'll have even more to fear.

(Flavius and Marullus exit.)

Scene 2

(A public place. The sound of trumpets. **Caesar** enters, followed by **Antony, Calpurnia, Portia, Decius, Cicero, Brutus, Cassius**, and **Casca**. A **crowd** follows, among them a **soothsayer**.)

CAESAR: Calpurnia! **CALPURNIA:** Here, my lord. CAESAR: Stand directly in Antony's way, When he runs his course. Antony! Do not forget to touch Calpurnia As you race past her. The elders say that Childless women, touched in this holy race On the feast of Lupercal, will soon be able To have children.

ANTONY: I shall remember.

When Caesar says "Do this," it is performed.

(Trumpets sound.)

SOOTHSAYER *(from the crowd)*: Caesar! Beware the ides of March.

- CAESAR: Who said that?
- **BRUTUS:** A soothsayer warns you to be careful on March 15.

CAESAR: Let me see his face.

CASSIUS: Fellow, come out of the crowd!

CAESAR: Speak once again.

SOOTHSAYER: Beware the ides of March.

CAESAR: He is a dreamer. Let us leave him.

(All but Brutus and Cassius exit.)

CASSIUS: Will you go watch the race?

BRUTUS: I am not interested in games. I lack That quick spirit that is in Antony. But don't let me stop you, Cassius. I'll leave, and you can watch.



CASSIUS: Brutus, I have noticed that You seem to be avoiding me lately.

BRUTUS: No, Cassius. It's just that I've been Concerned with some personal matters. But do not let my good friends—of which, Cassius, you are one—worry too much about me.

My neglect of friends is only because Poor Brutus is at war with himself.

CASSIUS: Then I have been mistaken. I have kept my thoughts to myself. Tell me, good Brutus, can you see your face?

BRUTUS: No, for the eye does not see itself Except by reflection in other things.

CASSIUS: It is very sad, Brutus, That you have no mirrors to reveal Your hidden worth to your own eyes. I have heard many respected Romans, Except immortal Caesar, praising you. Groaning under these troubled times, they Wish that noble Brutus had Caesar's eyes.
BRUTUS: Into what dangers would you lead me, Cassius? Would you have me Seek in myself that which is not there?
CASSIUS: Good Brutus, Since you know you cannot see yourself Except by reflection, let me be your mirror. I will show you things about yourself That you do not yet know.

(Trumpets and shouting from offstage.)

BRUTUS: What does this shouting mean? I do fear the people are calling out for Caesar to be their king.

CASSIUS (*slyly*): Oh, do you fear it? Then I must think you would not have it so.

BRUTUS: I would not—yet I love him well. But why do you hold me here so long? What is it that you want to say to me? If it is not toward the general good, Set honor in one eye and death in the other, And I will look on both indifferently.

For let the gods be my witness that I love The name of honor more than I fear death. **CASSIUS:** I know that virtue to be in you, as well as I know your face. Well, honor is the subject of my story. I cannot tell what you and other men May think of this life—but, for my part, I would rather not live than to stand In awe of one no better than myself. I was born as free as Caesar, and so were you. We both have eaten as well, and we can both Endure the winter's cold as well as he. Once, upon a raw and gusty day, Caesar said to me, "Do you dare, Cassius, To leap into the angry Tiber along with me And swim across?" Upon the word, Dressed as I was, I plunged in And told him to follow. So indeed he did. The wild river roared, and we fought it With straining muscles and brave hearts. But before we could get across, Caesar cried, "Help me, Cassius, or I sink!" So I carried the weary Caesar From the waves of the Tiber. Now this man

has become a god—and Cassius is A wretched creature who must bow If Caesar carelessly nods at him! He had a fever when he was in Spain, and How he shook when the fit was upon him! It's true—this god did shake! His coward lips lost their color, and That eye whose glance awes the world Lost its luster. I heard him groan. Yes, And that tongue that gives fine speeches Cried out, "Give me some drink," Like a sick girl. You gods! It amazes me That such a weak man should Command the respect of the entire world And keep all the honors to himself.

(Shouts and trumpets from offstage.)

- **BRUTUS:** The crowd shouts again! I do believe they are cheering for some New honors to be heaped on Caesar.
- CASSIUS: Why, man, he strides the narrow world Like a Colossus, while we petty men Walk under his huge legs, peeping about To find ourselves dishonorable graves! Men at some time are masters of their fates. The fault, dear Brutus, is not in our stars, But in ourselves, that we are underlings. "Brutus" and "Caesar" are just names. Why should Caesar's name be more honored than yours?
 - Write them together—your name is as fair as his.
 - Speak them—yours sounds just as good. Weigh them—yours is as heavy.

Now, in the names of all the gods at once, Upon what meat does Caesar feed that He has grown so great? These times are shamed!

Rome, you have lost the breed of noble bloods! When, since the great flood, has an age Had only *one* famous man?

When people talked of Rome, when

Could they ever say that her wide walls

Held but one man?

Can this truly be Rome,

If there is only one man in it?

BRUTUS: I know that you are my friend.I have thought about these things already.Let me consider what you have said.For now I will listen to you patiently.A proper time will come to hear and answer such high things.

Until then, noble friend, chew upon this:

Brutus would rather be a villager

Than to call himself a son of Rome now.

If Caesar becomes king,

I am afraid of the effect on Rome.

CASSIUS: I am glad that my weak words have Struck this much show of fire from Brutus.

(Caesar and his attendants enter again.)

BRUTUS: The games are done, and Caesar is returning.

- **CASSIUS:** As they pass, catch Casca's sleeve. In his sour fashion, he will tell you What important things happened today.
- **BRUTUS:** I will do so. But look, Cassius, An angry spot is glowing on Caesar's brow, Calpurnia's cheek is pale, and Cicero has That same look he gets when he is crossed.

CASSIUS: Casca will tell us what happened.

CAESAR: Antony!

ANTONY: Caesar?

CAESAR: Let the men around me be fat, Sleek-headed men, who sleep at night. That Cassius has a lean and hungry look. He thinks too much. Such men are dangerous.

ANTONY: Fear him not, Caesar. Cassius is not dangerous.

He is a noble Roman and well-respected.

CAESAR: I wish he were fatter! I fear him not— Yet if I were to fear anyone, I should avoid No man as much as

That thin Cassius. He reads too much.

He is a close observer, and seems to

Understand men's thoughts.

He loves no plays, as you do, Antony.

He hears no music. He seldom smiles.

And when he does, he smiles as if

He mocks himself and scorns the spirit

That could be moved to smile at anything. Such men are never at heart's ease when They see someone greater than themselves. That's why they are very dangerous. I'm telling you what is to be feared, Not what *I* fear—for always I am Caesar. Come on my right side, for this ear is deaf. Now tell me truly what you think of him.

(Trumpets sound. **Caesar** and his **attendants** exit, except Casca.)

- **CASCA:** You pulled me by the cloak. Do you wish to speak with me?
- **BRUTUS:** Yes. Tell us what happened today That made Caesar look so sad.
- **CASCA:** Why, you were with him, weren't you? **BRUTUS:** If I were, I wouldn't be asking you.
- **CASCA:** Why, a crown was offered to him.
 - He pushed it off with the back of his hand,
 - And then the crowd started shouting.
- BRUTUS: What was the second noise for?
- **CASCA:** Why, for that, too.
- **CASSIUS:** They shouted three times. What was the last cry for?

CASCA: Why, for that, too.

BRUTUS: Was the crown offered three times?

CASCA: Yes, indeed, it was. And he pushed it off three times—each time more gently than

🖗 TIMELESS SHAKESPEARE

Julius Caesar

Fearful of Caesar's growing popularity, a group of powerful Roman politicians begin to plot his death. Can a man remain loyal to Caesar and still be loyal to Rome? Caesar's noble friend Brutus is forced to make a terrible decision.



